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President Kim Il Sung received the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Romanian Socialist Republic. (KCNA Radiophoto)

President KIM IL SUNG

Receives Romanian Foreign Minister and Del. of Socialist Programme Party of Burma

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on August 3 Comrade Gheorghe Macovescu, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Romanian Socialist Republic, on a visit to our country.

Comrade Ho Dam, vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Minister of Foreign Affairs, was present there.

Dumitru Popa, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Romanian Socialist Republic to our country, was also present.

On the occasion the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit to our country of the Foreign Minister of the Romanian Socialist Republic and had a talk in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The leader arranged a luncheon for him that day.

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on August 5 the delegation of the Socialist Programme Party of Burma on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Brigadier General Thaung Dan, Member of the Executive Committee of the Central Committee of the Socialist Programme Party of Burma, Member of the State Council of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma and commander of the Air Force of the Burmese People's Army.

Also present there were Comrade Chong Jun Gi and Kim Yun Son, personages concerned.

On the occasion the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit to our country of the delegation of the Socialist Programme Party of Burma and had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed to the leader the regards of His Excellency U Ne Win, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Socialist Programme Party of Burma and President of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma.

The leader expressed thanks for this and inquired after the health of His Excellency President U Ne Win.

Saying that both Korea and Burma advocate independence, the leader stated that for this commonness our two countries should further develop the relations of friendship and cooperation in all fields of politics, economy and culture, learning from each other's good experiences accumulated in the course of the struggle for the independent development of the country.

Pointing out that while touring different places of Korea they saw for themselves the Korean people developing the economy of the country and advancing along the road of independence under the wise leadership of His Excellency President Kim Il Sung, the head of the delegation stressed that Korea is boundlessly developing because there is a correct line put forward by His Excellency President.

Giving his deep impressions of our socialist countryside in particular, the head of the delegation emphasized that Korea is the only country where the distinctions between town and country are being so successfully diminished.

Back home the delegation will convey to His Excellency President U Ne Win the precious words of His Excellency President Kim Il Sung and the warm hospitality accorded the delegation in Korea, the head of the delegation said.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a luncheon in honour of the delegation on the same day.

The luncheon proceeded in an amicable atmosphere.

61st Enlarged Meet of C.C. of Democratic Front for Reunification of Fatherland Held:

On Early Realising Policy of Convening Great National Congress Expounded In 5-Point Reunification Program by President KIM IL SUNG

Proposition to Open Great National Congress within This Year

PYONGYANG, Aug. 7 (KCNA)—The 61st Enlarged Meeting of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland was held on August 6 in Pyongyang to discuss the problem "On early realisation of the policy of convening a great national congress expounded in the five-point program of national reunification by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung."

Placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, sun of the nation and legendary hero.

The meeting was attended by vice-President Kang Ryang Uk; Comrade So Chol; Comrade Rim Chun Chu; Kang Jang Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party; Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly; Ho Jong Suk, Director of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland; Kim Man Gum, Kim Ryo Jung and Ko Jun Taek, presidium members, and members, of the same; and other personages concerned.

The meeting pointed out that in the historic August 6 speech the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with a keen insight into the development of the world political situation at that time when very complicated events were taking place, advanced the policy of broad north-south negotiations as an outstanding strategic and tactical policy for actively bringing earlier the cause of national reunification by turning the trend of the situation in favour of the development of our revolution.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"We are ready to come in touch at any time with all political parties including the Democratic Republican Party, social organizations and individual personages in south Korea."

The meeting pointed out that after the new policy of north-south negotiations was advanced, the south Korean authorities which had opposed any contact could not but comply with dialogue though in a limited form of Red Cross talks, the north-south joint statement whose keynote is the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity was announced and the North-South Coordination Commission was formed and operated. All these events are a precious fruition of the policy of national reunification expounded by the great leader in the historic August 6 speech and a shining victory of the immortal *Juche* idea founded by him, stressed the meeting.

It noted that our side has exerted all possible efforts to lead the dialogue to a success, improve the north-south relations and accelerate reunification.

It is owing to the treacherous manoeuvres of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique going against the unanimous will and aspiration of the entire fellow countrymen for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country that the dialogue between the north and south has been deadlocked, the north-south relations have returned to those before the announcement of the joint statement, the dawn of reunification has become obscure and the danger of permanent division is heavily befalling the nation, the meeting declared, and stressed:

This grave situation urgently demands of all the Koreans who love the country and the nation, whether they be in the north or in the south, at home or abroad, to turn out to the one road of patriotism for the country, for the nation and for reunification.

The meeting adopted amid the warm approval and support of the attendants an "Appeal to the south Korean people, political parties and public organizations and all the overseas compatriot organizations and compatriots abroad."

Appeal to All S. Korean People and Compatriots Abroad

PYONGYANG, Aug. 7 (KCNA)—We solemnly propose the people of all strata, political parties, public organizations and individual personages in south Korea and all the overseas compatriot organizations and overseas compatriots to convene at an early date a great national congress as clarified by the respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung already in the five-point programme of the national reunification.

The great national congress for shaping the destiny of the nation should be attended by representatives of the people of all walks of life, political parties and social organizations in the north and south and representatives of all the overseas compatriot organizations and overseas compatriots.

As for the date of the great national congress, the earlier, the better, we think. We hold that the great national congress should be convened within this year, as the next year is the significant year in which the 30th anniversary of the liberation of the fatherland will be celebrated.

Panmunjom or other place of our country may be chosen as the venue by mutual agreement.

In order to successfully push ahead with work for the convocation of a great national congress, a working-level meeting should open with the participation of representatives of the people of various segments, political parties and public organisations in the north and south and overseas compatriot organisations, a joint preparatory committee be formed and bilateral and multilateral contacts be briskly conducted among all the political parties and organisations.

So said "Appeal to the south Korean people, political parties and public organizations and all the overseas compatriot organizations and compatriots abroad" adopted at the 61st Enlarged Meeting of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland which was held in Pyongyang on the 6th to discuss the question "On early realisation of the policy of convening a great national congress expounded in the five-point program of national reunification by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung."

The appeal pointed out:

The dialogue between the north and the south which began in line with the proposition for wide-range north-south negotiation put forth by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the historic August 6, 1971, speech is a dialogue for national reunification and the principles of the July 4 north-south joint statement which the two sides pledged to fulfil before the whole nation are a common milestone in the advance for reaching the peak of reunification by bringing the dialogue to a success.

Respecting the principles of the north-south joint statement from the beginning, our side has made all sincere efforts to make the dialogue one for improving the north-south relations and solving all the problems arising in the way of reunification under all circumstances.

The south Korean side, however, abusing the dialogue for its splittist purpose from the very beginning, has failed to advance any opinion helpful to the improvement of the north-south relations and solution of the reunification question, laid artificial obstacles in the way of the dialogue and categorically turned down all the just proposals of our side, clinging to the double-dealing tactics and delaying tactics.

As soon as they turned on their heels after signing the north-south joint statement, they totally trampled underfoot the July 4 north-south joint statement and took to dependence on outside forces, north-south confrontation and nation-splitting plot, crying for "confrontation with dialogue," "competition with dialogue" and "co-existence with dialogue."

Especially, the south Korean splittists issued a "special statement" in June last year, openly declaring the U.S. imperialists' "two Koreas" plot their "policy."

It was a perfidious declaration against the desire of the whole nation for peaceful reunification, a declaration of the rupture of the north-south dialogue and a splitting declaration proclaiming "two Koreas."

Owing to this treacherous, anti-popular splitting declaration, the north-south dialogue in our country has been completely deadlocked and dark clouds of permanent division are hanging heavily over the nation.

The south Korean authorities, crying for "destroying communism," along with their "anti-communist" din, are not only arresting, imprisoning and murdering right and left

(Continued on page 2)

Rev. Party for Reunification Appeals for World-Wide Support To S. Korean Revolutionaries and Patriotic Youth, Students

PYONGYANG, Aug. 8 (KCNA)—The Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification on July 28 published an appeal addressed to the international democratic organisations, democratic political parties and public organisations of all countries of the world and the world people, denouncing the monstrous suppression of south Korean patriotic youth and students and personages of various circles by the Pak Jung Hi traitorous clique and its plot to impose penalties upon and murder them, according to radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification."

The appeal said:

South Korea under the occupation of the U.S. forces has been turned into a suffocating land of darkness swarmed with millions of military-police intelligence agents and desolate graveyard of democracy where democracy, civil rights and the elementary human rights are totally violated and obliterated.

The whole land having been turned into a huge prison, the society at large is being swept by a storm of frantic repression of revolutionaries and patriotic people fighting for freedom and democracy and for the peaceful reunification of the divided fatherland.

Indicting to the world the shocking plot of massacre and penalty hatched by the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique, which is without precedent in history, the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification is sending this appeal to you, the progressive people of the world, at this crucial moment of test when the lives of south Korean patriots are facing imminent danger.

As for the revolutionaries, youth and students, and democratic figures, whom the Pak Jung Hi murderers are going to punish in groups on charges of involvement in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," they are not "criminals," but are courageous patriotic fighters who rose resolutely and fought against the fascist dictatorship, treachery and perpetuation of national split, unable to stand any more the growing sufferings caused by the anti-democratic, anti-popular and anti-national acts.

But, the Pak Jung Hi fascist hangmen suppressed the peaceful demonstration of the youth and students by force and proclaimed "emergency measures," an order of murder and suppression without an equal in the world, on the evening of April 3 and ran about with bloodshot eyes to fake up the so-called "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," falsely describing the democratic movement of the youth and students as communist movement.

They have arrested and imprisoned over 4,000 people including young students and grey-haired religious figures and subjected them to all sorts of inhuman persecution and tortures and finally prosecuted more than 250 of them and brought above 50 to the military court in the first batch and perpetrated the monstrous atrocity of forcing death sentences, life imprisonment and other heavy penalties upon them.

This is one more hideous human butchery never known in history.

Was there a time in the history of any country when more than 4,000 people were arrested and imprisoned at a time for demanding democracy and when a military court was held at ordinary time, not in time of emergency, and so harsh capital punishment and heavy penalties were imposed upon naive students in their teens and twenties and when collective penalties were passed on so many people at one trial?

The so-called trials by the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers are not trials in the true sense of the word, but a rampage of the blood-thirsty murderers to kill right and left all the people who refuse to submit to the "revitalised" dictatorship and barbaric acts of massacre of the human butchers who swagger about in the land of darkness buried under evil laws.

In an effort to throw a cloak of "legality" over this shuddering barbarities, the homicidal gang raised a noisy din alleging that the youth and students and democratic figures charged with involvement in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" have committed "rebellion" and "high treason." But this is a fantastic lie invented by the notorious "Central Intelligence Agency" which itself boasts that it can fake up everything in south Korea, except turning male into female.

The criminals who should face a stern judgement and be punished by the nation on charges of "rebellion" and "high treason" in south Korea are not the patriotic youth, students and democratic figures, but Pak Jung Hi and co., the truculent fascist dictatorship-maniacs, traitors without an equal in the world and nation-splittists.

The schemes of the Pak Jung Hi clique to impose penalties upon groups of revolutionaries and patriots by charging them with involvement in the "Ullung-do case" and "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" are the last-ditch efforts to maintain the "revitalized" dictatorial system with its long list of evil deeds, which they find hard to prop up even with the "emergency measures" proclaimed on top of a "state of emergency," and fabricate "two Koreas" and realise their foul desire for long-term office.

In order to cover this criminal aim the Pak Jung Hi clique hatched every conceivable dastardly plot to falsely describe the movement of the youth and students against dictatorship and for democracy as a communist movement linked with the north. But even the "Central Intelligence Agency," an old hand at inventing sheer lies, could not cook up any "ground" to charge the "National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" with having link with the north. It has been brought to daylight that "the backstage manipulation of underground communist forces" faked up as the last resort is their far-fetched brainchild.

Ex-president Yun Bo Son ridiculed the Pak Jung Hi clique, saying: "If the students who fought for democracy are communists, I must also be a communist." It is highly preposterous for the Pak Jung Hi clique to brand those who struggled for democracy or those who supported them as communists, and no one is likely to be deceived by this.

The Pak Jung Hi clique are cracking down upon the patriots on the pretext of "anti-communism." But "anti-communism" is a slogan of fascist dictatorship and treachery and a slogan of national split and fratricidal war.

As for communism, it is the true idea permeated with love for the country and the nation, most steadfastly defending the interests of the fatherland and the nation, and as for the communists, they are true patriots fighting most resolutely for the reunification and independence of the country and the freedom and liberation of the people.

We members of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and other revolutionaries and patriots have taken the communist idea as the guiding idea in their struggle. But this can by no means make them a target of punishment.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, liberation star and peerless hero, has said:

"Wherever exploitation and oppression exist, there is always popular resistance."

The movement against fascism and for democracy in south Korea is an essential demand of the development of the south Korean society and its natural outcome.

With no lie or fabrication can the Pak Jung Hi clique justify their brutal repression of revolutionaries, patriotic youth and students and democratic figures and with no fascist tyranny can they bridge over the total crisis of the colonial tyrannical rule or save themselves from doom.

The Pak Jung Hi fascist hangmen must discontinue at once the murderous trials and brutal suppression of our members of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and other revolutionaries and patriotic youth and students and democratic figures and immediately cancel all the penalties demanded for or imposed upon them and release the illegally arrested revolutionaries and patriotic personages unconditionally and immediately.

If the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits dare execute the sentences passed upon them in disregard of the stern warning of the enraged people and the world public opinion, they will have to face a stern judgement by history and a hundred-fold, a thousand-fold retaliation.

It is none other than the U.S. and Japanese imperialists hard at work to create "two Koreas" and turn south Korea into their permanent colony who are defending and encouraging the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's barbaric dictatorial rule and brutal repression in every way and zealously egging them on to treachery and war provocation, north-south confrontation and perpetuation of the division.

The U.S. and Japanese aggressors must give up their aggressive designs on Korea and stop the criminal acts of defending and encouraging the Pak Jung Hi bandits of murderers and quit south Korea at once.

It is an important part of the sacred struggle for defending justice and democracy and preserving peace in Korea and the rest of the world at the present junctore to curb the fascist tyranny being committed by the Pak Jung Hi clique under the backstage wirepulling of the U.S. and Japanese aggressor forces.

The Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification ardently calls upon the international democratic organisations, democratic political parties and public organisations of various countries of the world that respect human independence, dignity and democracy and the honest-minded people of the world to bitterly condemn the heinous dictatorial rule of the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits and their brutal suppression and conduct more extensive activities for saving the south Korean revolutionaries and patriotic personages whose lives are in danger and thus voice more active support and encouragement to the just struggle of us members of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and other revolutionaries and patriotic youth and students and people of various strata of south Korea for the democratization of society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Pyongyang Report Meeting Marks 3rd Anniv. of Publication of President KIM IL SUNG's Historic August 6 Speech

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—A grand Pyongyang report meeting was held on Aug. 5 at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre to celebrate the third anniversary of the publication of the historic speech, "The Common Struggle of the Revolutionary Peoples of Asia against U.S. Imperialism Will Surely Win Victory," by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Placed with due respect on the platform was a portrait of the respected and beloved leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, sun of the nation and legendary hero.

The report meeting was attended by Comrades Pak Sung Chul, So Chol, Yang Hyong Sop and Rim Chun Chu; Ho Jong Suk, Director of the Secretariat of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Kang Jang Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party; Kim Song Ryul, vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Party; Hong Gi Mun, Chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland; Presidium members of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Administrative Committee; responsible functionaries of working people's organisations, men of science, education, culture, art and the press and working people in the city.

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At the report meeting Comrade Yang Hyong Sop made a report.

Pointing out that the historical August 6 speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was made at a time when the antagonism between the anti-imperialist, peace-loving forces and the imperialist forces of aggression had reached the highest pitch in the international political arena and very complex events were happening in the development of the world political situation, the reporter said:

Trip of Defeated

The publication of the plan of Nixon's visit to China which was a focal point of world opinion caused a very serious and intricate situation in the international political scene and many people of the world, incapable of forming a correct judgement, were floundering in the vortex of widely varied world public opinion.

At such moment, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution and outstanding thinker and theoretician, in his historic August 6 speech, gave the first clear-cut answer as to the essence of Nixon's planned visit to China, on the basis of a comprehensive analysis of the overall crisis of imperialism, the main trend of the development of the situation in our era, particularly the internal and external crisis of U.S. imperialism.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"In the last analysis, Nixon is going to turn up in Peking with a white flag just as the U.S. imperialist aggressors who suffered a defeat in the Korean War in the past came out to Panmunjom with a white flag.

...Nixon's visit to China is not a march of a victor but a trip of the defeated, and it fully reflects the declining fate of U.S. imperialism."

This brilliant conclusion which the great leader wisely made, clearly seeing through the essential nature of China trip of Nixon, which no one had grasped, with his scientific penetration and rare intelligence, was a famous bomb-like declaration that drove deeper into a bog U.S. imperialism which was going downhill, battered within and without, and brought a sharp turn in the overall international situation.

On the basis of such scientific judgement of the situation, the leader indicated the general orientation of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle calling upon revolutionary peoples of Asia and the rest of the world to heighten vigilance against the crafty and sinister double-edged tactics of the U.S. imperialists and upon the peoples of all the revolutionary countries, fighting countries, of the world to unite close and make a more violent attack on the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists finally to cut the windpipe of the U.S. imperialists going downhill to destruction.

With the most perfect answer given in good time by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the question of appraising the situation which the world had been eagerly awaiting, the once confused world opinion was put in order in a moment and the world revolutionary people gained new confidence and courage and the situation took a sudden turn decisively in favour of the revolution on a world scale.

New Initiative for Reunification

Noting that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward in the speech, among other things, a new policy of broad north-south negotiation for accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland by turning the fast changing and developing situation at home and abroad in favour of the development of our revolution, the reporter went on:

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung declared in his speech:

"We are ready to come in touch at any time with all political parties including the Democratic Republican Party, social organizations and individual personages in south Korea."

This new policy indicated by the leader is a great national salvation proposal for pulling down the barrier between the north and south at the earliest possible date and promoting the cause of reunification by making the best use of the trend of the times in the solution of the question of the country's reunification; it is the wisest policy brilliantly adapting to the demand of the new, changed situation, the policy of the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland which the leader had invariably maintained.

The policy of broad negotiation indicated by the leader in his historic August 6 speech is a policy of reunification most strictly based on *Juche* for solving the domestic problems of the nation by the efforts of the Koreans themselves under all circumstances by brilliantly embodying the immortal *Juche* idea in the solution of the reunification question and a great banner of patriotism powerfully inspiring the entire compatriots in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland.

Saying that this epochal policy of reunification newly advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung evoked unanimous support and stormy response among all the compatriots at home and abroad and the world people, the reporter went on:

The south Korean authorities who had doggedly opposed even contact between the north and south, under the pressure of the general trend of the situation, could not but respond, though in the form of Red Cross talks, to our proposal of political negotiations in less than a week after the publication of the historic August 6 speech.

Though the south Korean authorities responded in the form of limited Red Cross talks to our proposal of political negotiations, we proposed to hold them because we had all along desired contact between the north and south since liberation.

Contact between representatives of the Red Cross organisations of the north and south was thus realized and preliminary talks between the two sides opened in our country.

In this way the first breakthrough was made to break the freeze between the north and south which had lasted for many years in our country and enable Koreans to sit face to face with each other. This event clearly proves the great attraction and invincible vitality of the historic August 6 speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. This is a brilliant victory of the great *Juche* idea of the leader and a precious fruition of our Party's policy of independent and peaceful reunification put forth by him.

He referred to the fact that the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, valuing the first fruit of the historic August 6 speech in the struggle for national reunification, repeatedly advanced various reasonable proposals for peaceful reunification, such as the question of making the Red Cross talks a stepping-stone to national reunification, the question of concluding a peace agreement between the north and south and the question of holding bilateral and multilateral political negotiations between the north and south and skillfully organized and mobilized our people in the struggle for their realisation.

He said:

Indeed, human history does not know an instance in which the hearts of people were stirred with such world-wide scope and depth as by the historic August 6 speech of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

This is an epochal one which could be put forth and embodied only by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the great *Juche* idea, outstanding thinker and theoretician and most prominent strategist of revolution.

Sincere Efforts of Pyongyang

The course of the three year long dialogue which has been held between the north and south thanks to the policy of wide-range negotiations between the north and south newly advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in his historic August 6 speech was a struggle between the line of independence and the line of dependence on outside forces, between the line of peace and the line of war and between the line of unity and the line of confrontation. In the final analysis, it was the course of the struggle between the line of reunification and the line of split.

We have greatly valued all the successes made by the policy of wide-range negotiations between the north and south put forward by the leader and exerted all our sincere efforts to lead the dialogue to a success in order to rapidly improve the north-south relations and accelerate reunification.

Even when the south Korean authorities openly pursued the line of national split in league with the outside forces, ignoring our persevering efforts and the unanimous will of the nation, we did not cease to make efforts to accelerate reunification.

In particular, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung advanced the most patriotic and realistic proposal of reunification to realize the cause of reunification by clarifying the great five-point program of national reunification through his historic speech "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country" on June 23 last year when the south Korean authorities openly declared the "two Koreas" line to the world.

Since the dialogue between the north and south started in accordance with the policy of broad negotiations set forth by the great leader in the historic August 6 speech, our side has exerted all efforts possible to lead the dialogue to a success and showed all possible national tolerance to the other party of the dialogue, the reporter said, and went on:

In the historic August 6 speech the great leader expressed the readiness to come in touch even with the Democratic Republican Party of south Korea. Frankly speaking, this policy of broad negotiations means that if those who committed grave crimes against the country and the nation in the past days, break away from the road of dependence on outside forces and treachery and take the genuine stand of Koreans, we will not ask about their past but solve the question of reunification in a peaceful way with them. In fact, this was a good opportunity in opening the way of regeneration for the south Korean authorities.

If the south Korean authorities were discreet and had an iota of national conscience, they should have availed themselves of the opportunity to break away from the road of treachery and taken the road of reunification for the country and the nation and atoned even a little for the crimes they had committed against the fatherland and people with their sincere efforts for the acceleration of reunification.

Seoul's Scheme of Perpetual Split

But the south Korean authorities did not keep even the elementary faith with the other party of the dialogue, replying to our national tolerance with a double-dealing tactics and totally trampled underfoot the agreed points of the north-south joint statement and followed in the end the road of treacherous, anti-national crimes, openly intensifying the manoeuvres to perpetuate the national split in collusion with the U.S. and Japanese aggressors, not peaceful reunification which the entire fellow countrymen aspire after.

He said that the south Korean bellicose elements have reinforced armed forces and expanded armaments, categorically turning down our patriotic proposals for peace and peaceful reunification, and incited antagonism, misunderstanding and confrontation among the fellow countrymen, wantonly violating even the principle of achieving great national unity, transcending the difference of ideology, ideal and system, and frenziedly intensified the fascist repression of the people.

All the criminal acts of the south Korean rulers who are utterly indifferent to the country and the nation culminated in the publication of their so-called "special statement" in June last year, he said, and went on: This is a declaration of perfidy to our national tolerance, declaration of rupture of the north-south dialogue which had been going on amid the expectation of the whole nation and a declaration of split which proclaimed "two Koreas," going against the desire of the nation for reunification.

The treacherous crimes of the south Korean authorities find most vicious expression in the fact that recently they, having completely thrown away even the mask of "peaceful unification," are frenziedly raising the "anti-communist" row and stepping up the unheard-of fascist suppression of south Korean youth, students and democratic figures who demanded democracy and peaceful reunification.

He stressed:

Indeed, the whole course of the north-south dialogue which has been held in accordance with the policy of wide-range north-south negotiations advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the historic August 6 speech clearly shows who in our country truly wants the peace and peaceful reunification of the country and who has sought war and division, who has truly served the country and the nation, and who has betrayed the country and the nation, who is faithful to the principles of the joint statement and has striven to lead the dialogue to a success and who has violated the principles of the joint statement and brought the dialogue to a state of rupture as we see today.

He, in the name of the entire Korean people who ardently desire the peace and peaceful reunification of the country, pungently denounced with surging national indignation the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, dirty betrayers who have led the north-south dialogue to a deadlock and totally trampled underfoot all the oaths solemnly made to the whole nation, vicious splittists who incite confrontation and antagonism between the north and south and seek a permanent division of the nation, heinous traitors who are selling off the interests of the country and the nation, truculent bellicose elements and butchers of the nation who are feverishly trying to provoke a war and massacre fellow countrymen.

Owing to the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and, "two Koreas" plot of the Pak Jung Hi clique backed by them, the north-south dialogue in our country has made no progress to speak of. But, the successes made by our people through the dialogue are, indeed, great and precious.

Patriot vs Traitor

Through the course of the dialogue those who adhere to the immortal *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, have rapidly increased in number among the south Korean people and the desire to hold him in high esteem as the only leader of the nation has grown stronger than ever before among them, the longing of people of all strata for the northern half of the Republic has risen with an irresistible force and all compatriots at home and abroad except a handful of national splittists are firmly united as one political force under the banner of independent reunification.

On the contrary, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have more fully disclosed their true colours as traitors, splittists, bellicose elements and fascists and come up against more powerful resistance of the masses of the people. Their crisis has been further aggravated in all fields.

Through the course of the north-south dialogue the justness of the policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic for independent and peaceful reunification has been widely recognized in the world and our patient efforts for its realisation enjoyed greater support and sympathy among the people at home and abroad and the international solidarity with our people's cause of national reunification has been strengthened as never before.

On the contrary, the splittist "two Koreas" plot of the Pak Jung Hi clique has been denounced in all parts and confronted with total bankruptcy and they, forsaken not only by the south Korean people and overseas compatriots but also by the world people, are in the position of international orphan.

As a result, despite the manoeuvres of the splittists within and without, in the whole period of the dialogue the internal forces of peaceful reunification have markedly grown and the general situation has developed more favourably to our people's cause of reunification.

We take this opportunity to extend full support and encouragement to the righteous and patriotic struggle of the south Korean people who boundlessly respect and adore the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, and are marching ahead following the banner of the three principles and five-point program of national reunification set forth by him.

The reporter said:

In accordance with the policy of negotiations between the north and south clarified in the historic August 6 speech the north-south dialogue has been repeatedly held and our side has made sustained efforts to lead the dialogue to a success in order to realise the cause of the peaceful reunification of the country. But in our country, owing to the manoeuvres of the splittists within and without, the dialogue is in danger of rupture and our nation is faced with a very critical situation—reunification or permanent division.

To prevent the split and reunify the country all the Korean people who value the destiny of the country and the nation should firmly unite under the banner of anti-imperialist national salvation and independent reunification and resolutely defend the north-south joint statement in which the three principles of national reunification—independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity—are clarified and realise the five-point program of national reunification.

In conclusion the reporter stressed:

Only victory and glory are in store on the road ahead of our people who are vigorously struggling for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country under the wise leadership of the great leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung and the banner of the glorious Party.

(Subtitles are ours....Ed.)

(Continued from page 1)

thousands of patriotic figures who demand democracy and peaceful reunification in south Korea but also committing the acts of butchering the nation, arresting and jailing young students and even noted, leading religionists and opposition party figures and courtmartialling them to impose unheard-of harsh penalties upon them after faking up the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy."

Internally they are repressing all the patriotic and democratic forces at the point of bayonets and externally they are engrossed in the dirty splitting manoeuvres, peddling what they call a "separate admission to the U.N.," a variety of "simultaneous entry into the U.N." of north and south Korea which was rejected and went bankrupt at last year's U.N. General Assembly session.

The grave situation created in our country is not a question concerning the interests of any individual person or political grouping but a vital question of the whole nation concerning the future destiny and rise or fall of the nation.

If this difficult situation is left intact, not tided over, the country and the nation will be divided into two permanently and south Korea will become a permanent colony and military base of U.S. imperialism and be reduced again to a colony of the Japanese militarists.

In realising the independent and peaceful reunification of the country through the north-south negotiations, the best and most effective way is to refer the question of national reunification to the whole nation for discussion.

The respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, has taught:

"...We think that for its peaceful solution the question of reunification of the country should not be discussed only between the authorities of the north and the south, but be referred to the entire nation for discussion."

To refer the question of the reunification of the country to the entire nation for discussion is a matured demand which brooks not a moment's delay.

It is crystal clear that the dialogue should not be confined only to the south Korean authorities because they continue to pursue the "two Koreas" policy, using the north-south dialogue for the purpose of long-term office and permanent split.

In view of the nature of the cause of national reunification concerning the vital interests of the whole nation, the reunification question should not be limited only to the authorities but referred to the entire nation for discussion and should be realised through the embodiment of the general will of the nation.

Referring to the question of convening a great national congress, the appeal said:

If a great national congress is convened through the nation-wide struggle of the entire people our nation will undoubtedly be able to remove the danger of permanent split facing the country and successfully promote the cause of national reunification in conformity with the will and interests of the nation.

We express the conviction that the entire people, all the political parties and public organisations and individual personages of south Korea and all the overseas compatriots who love the country and the nation and sincerely hope for reunification will express positive support and respond to our patriotic proposal on holding a great national congress as a national-salvation measure for achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Declaring that the convocation of a great national congress, a great nation-wide work, is unthinkable apart from the struggle against the domestic and foreign splitters, the appeal continued:

Let us all fight more resolutely to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea and put an end to their interference in the internal affairs of our country, holding aloft the banner of anti-U.S. national salvation!

Japanese militarism is a most dangerous force of aggression which, in conspiracy and collusion with the U.S. imperialists, encourages the splitting act of the south Korean authorities and obstructs the reunification of our country and is stretching out its crooked hands of reinvasion to south Korea.

Vigorously fight to smash the Japanese militarists' reinvasion of south Korea and their machinations to obstruct national reunification!

In fact, the nation-splitters in south Korea are traitors to the nation who share their destiny with foreign forces of aggression, betraying the fellow countrymen, military fascist elements suppressing people and trying to provoke a fratricidal war and the foes of peaceful reunification seeking the national split in violation of the north-south joint statement. They are like a cancer which cannot be left intact within the nation.

Actively fight to smash the anti-national criminal acts of the south Korean authorities who are taking the road of treachery and split, war and fascism and overthrow the barbarous military fascist dictatorship!

The south Korean splitters must deport themselves with discretion, looking straight at the reality.

The south Korean authorities must stop their despicable act of preventing others from solving the reunification question and suppressing them while not working themselves to solve the question and must ensure free circumstances and conditions to enable all people to conduct the reunification movement freely and respond to the convocation of a great national congress. They must immediately renounce the treacherous "two Koreas" policy and release without delay all the patriots and people illegally arrested and imprisoned for the mere reason that they advocated democracy and peaceful reunification.

Whole nation, unite and prevent split through struggle and bring earlier the reunification through struggle!

(5) KIM IL SUNG-ism Sole Guiding Idea That Represents Our Era and Communist Society

(Continued from No. 697 issue)

This is the last of the five-part article on Kim Il Sung-ism, the most effective contemporary revolutionary guiding ideas on revolution and construction as they are totally based on and inspired by the great *Juche* concept....Ed.

☆ ☆

Great Kim Il Sung-ism is the sole scientific guiding principle on which the revolutionary struggle of our times, the building of socialism and communism can be carried to victory along the surest road.

President Kim Il Sung stated:

"...Our Party has so far regarded the general principles of Marxism-Leninism as its compass and used as a reference much of what the fathers of Marxism-Leninism advanced or put into practice. Among the exploits we have performed, however, many are results of our Party's own creative and unique application of the general principles of Marxism-Leninism to the historical conditions and national characteristic features of our country. As for those problems that were not raised at the stage of Marx and Lenin or could not be anticipated because of the limitations of the period, we used our own head and solved them with our own efforts."

Kim Il Sung-ism is a monolithic system of *Juche* idea, theory and method and a perfect revolutionary theoretic combination on communism. It is an encyclopedic thought which provides a complete answer to any question that arises in the struggle for national liberation and class emancipation, in the building of socialism and communism and in the world-wide revolution.

Great Kim Il Sung-ism advances: firstly, the ways and means for peoples in colonies to adopt in order to win state power and create an independent and creative life; secondly, the short-cut to socialism and communism; and thirdly, the best way to bring about a radical change in the human mentality and guide the masses of people in revolution and construction.

Future Communist Society

Marxism—Leninism is the world view of the working class and the oppressed peoples and a powerful weapon to be used by them.

Marxism-whose three component parts are Marxist philosophy, Marxist political economics and the scientific theory on communism—advocated historical materialism and dialecticism on the development of human society and scientifically showed the need for communism and forecast the inevitable ruin of capitalism.

Leninism discovered unevenness in the politico-economic development of imperialist powers and indicated the possibility of victorious socialist revolution in a country, thereby becoming a new structure of strategy and tactics on the proletarian revolution and dictatorship and imperialism.

It is, however, clear: Marx observed the situation only in some developed capitalist countries in Europe, while Lenin followed the communist movement in Europe and in certain Asian countries. Then while the two founders of the revolutionary theories were active, the construction of socialism and communismwas not placed on the order of the day.

Marxism came just 100 years ago when capitalism was on the rise. It was based on a review of capitalism and the preparatory proletarian revolution, with experience in the just started working-class movement and scientific theories formed in human development.

Leninism was established about fifty 50 years ago to tackle with the then imperialist stage of capitalist development on a basis of the experience in the proletarian revolution and the available scientific theories.

But Marxism and Leninism proved insufficient in our era of *Juche* which sees the downfall of imperialism and the victory of the cause of socialism and communism on a world-wide scale with the onc eoppressed and exploited peoples becoming the heroes on the historical theatre.

This is the reason why Marx and Lenin put forth very much limited view on communism and their theory was fragmentary and hypothetical.

Kim Il Sung-ism has found complete and satisfactory answers to all those questions unique to our era, entirely different from the preceding period and can be an original, unique revolutionary thought of the working class which is a far cry from Marxism-Leninism. It is never a mere developed and expanded version of Marxism-Leninism.

The *Juche* idea whose creation is the most impressive contribution to human progress ever made by President Kim Il Sung holds that any revolutionary viewpoint should concern itself primarily with man and the revolution and construction of one's own country and reveals the two fundamental stands to the twin task of revolution and construction, that is, independent and creative approaches. This *Juche* world view is the most radical revolutionary one of the working class.

Juche-oriented Kim Il Sung-ism defines full details of the essential aspects of communist society and confirms by specific facts the logical development of human society into communist society and describes the specific ideas, theories and morality of contemporary revolutionary people engaged in socialist and communist construction and those to live in communist society to come.

Set forth in a systematic way are the revolutionary process of proceeding to communist society and the concrete strategy and tactics to be adopted therein as the principal ways and means.

As for Marx and Leninin, they only regarded communist society as the higher stage of socialist society and failed to advance any specific ideas on the ways and means of achieving it. President Kim Il Sung, on the other hand, expounded not only the fundamental ways and metnod of reaching communist society, the social relations to govern it and the code of conduct there.

Therefore, Kim Il Sung-ism is now called the only scientific revolutionary thought representing our era of *Juche* and communist future and the most effective revolutionary theoretic structure that leads to the future of communist society along the surest shortcut. **(Concluded)**

Chongryun Supports Appeal

The CSC of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) issued on Aug. 7 a statement, actively supporting an "Appeal to the South Korean People, Political Parties and Public Organi zations and All Overseas Compatriots' Organizations and Compatriots Abroad" adopted at the 61st Enlarged Meeting of the CC of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland. The appeal is aimed at convening within this year a great national congress for promotion of the reunification of the fatherland.

The statement said that the proposal is the fair and aboveboard measure for national salvation which is acceptable to everyone because it demands that the entire Korean people tide over national danger with their own strength in order to accelerate the reunification of the fatherland.

In the statement the Chongryun C.S.C. expressed its willingness to be represented at such a great national congress and at any working-level preparatory meeting for it in an attempt to join in the pan-national effort for the reunification.

It urged the south Korean people, political parties, public organizations, individual figures and organizations and compatriots under Mindan(the "ROK" Residents Association in Japan) to affirmatively respond to the appeal of the CC of the Fatherland Front.

The CSC of Chongryun said that it makes all efforts to convene earlier a great national congress decisive of the destiny of nation.

Expansion Projects of Industries Are Spurred at Grand Chollima Gallop

Kim Chaek Iron Works

The expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works, a giant metallurgical base in the northern region of the country, is making rapid progress. It will be another monumental edifice in the age of the Workers' Party.

This is a gigantic project vast in scale for increasing the existing capacity of pig iron, steel and rolled steel production several times. When this project is completed, the iron works will have been perfectly equipped with all the production processes ranging from the raw material supply to the pig iron, steel and rolled steel production lines.

To wind up this project as quickly as possible is of tremendous significance in hitting the target of steel envisaged in the Six-Year Plan and laying a solid ground work for attaining the goal of 12 million tons of steel in the next perspective plan and in further increasing the independence of the powerful ferrous metal industry of the country and its economic potential.

Before liberation the Kim Chaek Iron Works was a small deformed one producing pig iron only. Now all efforts on the front of capital construction are concentrated on the expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works to push ahead with it boldly and dynamically.

As early as in April 1946, the first spring after the country's liberation, the leader visited this iron works himself and gave detailed instructions to the workers there to quickly rehabilitate the iron works destroyed by the fleeing Japanese imperialists and produce iron.

After starting the Korean War, the U.S. imperialist aggressors showed more than 8,000 large bombs on the iron works and fired tens of thousands of shells at it from warships. It was so severely destroyed that its original shape was hardly recognizable.

After the war this iron works rose again like an immortal thanks to the indefatigable efforts of our heroic workers.

Its workers and technicians rehabilitated in a very short span of time coking battery No. 1 and furnace No. 1 and then coking battery No. 2 and furnace No. 2 by displaying to the full the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance with which they had defeated the U.S. imperialists.

These objects were not rehabilitated to their original state but reconstructed or enlarged in technical equipment.

Under the slogan "Iron and Machinery Are the Kings of Industry!" put forward by the great leader the workers and technicians constructed a new huge steel shop in 1959.

This put an end to the colonial deformity of the iron works which had produced pig iron only. It turned into a dependable steel base of the country.

Upholding the decision of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, its workers built completely automated coking battery No. 3 and set up new sintering and ball ore production processes, the raw material treating processes, thereby further increasing the independence of the *Juche*-based industry.

The iron works daily produces incomparably greater quantities of pig iron than in the days of the Japanese imperialist rule and scores of varieties of steels.

Now the appearance of this iron works is undergoing a complete change in keeping with the actual demands of the gigantic battles of the grand socialist construction.

The expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works now under way involves the construction of a new modern furnace, twice as big as the old ones, a coking battery and two continuous sintering ovens and modern large-scale steel shop and hot rolling shop.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught:

"...We must concentrate on the extension project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works and finish it quickly."

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung spread a grand plan and blueprint for building a more powerful, independent and combined metallurgical giant in the northern region of the country and personally chose its site. Once again clarifying with lucidity the significance and importance of the expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works in the grand socialist construction, he taught in detail the concrete orientation and ways for pushing ahead with the construction at a fast tempo and personally unravelled knotty problems on the spot one by one. He looked after the work and life of all the builders taking part in this project with the warm love of a father.

It was entirely thanks to the wise guidance and profound solicitude of the leader that the builders there could complete the construction of the modern continuous sintering oven and steel shop by April 15, overcoming manifold difficulties and trials.

Greatly inspired by the recent on-the-spot instructions of the respected and beloved leader, they have increased the speed of assembling of structures and equipment of the large furnace and hot rolling shop 2 or 3 times, 5 times at maximum, compared with the daily average of May, loudly sounding the advance of the "speed battle."

They are now displaying unparalleled self-sacrificing spirit and mass heroism in the construction to unconditionally fulfil their pledge of loyalty to finish the project before the 29th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea which falls on October 10 this year.

Next year will witness the appearance of another large furnace and cold rolling shop adjoining the hot rolling shop in this iron works.

Then the Kim Chaek Iron Works will turn into a giant metallurgical complex equipped with all the latest production processes capable of producing steel and steel plate and sheet directly from molten iron.

Workers of the Kim Chaek Iron Works finished the expansion of No. 1 furnace in 25 days.

Musan Mine

The expansion project of the Musan Mine, a large iron ore base in the northern frontier of the country, is making a fast progress.

It is one of the biggest iron ore mines of the country.

The Japanese imperialist aggressors started to develop it under a plan to plunder it for hundreds of years, saying that its deposits amounted to 800 million tons.

With the liberation of the fatherland by the great leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Musan Mine became a producer of iron ore to be used in building a paradise for our people and has made a great progress under the wise leadership of the leader.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung went up to the ore cutting site on the Cholsanbong of this mine 1,000 metres above sea level and brightly illumined the road ahead the mine in June, 1948, saying that it was treasure of our country and a far-reaching plan would be carried out in the future with the support of this mine.

The scientific and active prospecting method has confirmed that its deposits are not limited at 800 million tons, but are inexhaustible.

A raw material base reliably supporting the *Juche*-based, independent national industry, the Musan Mine has been solidly built into one of the powerful iron ore bases to rapidly develop the devastated south Korean economy after the reunification of the country.

Its output in 1961, the first year of the Seven-Year Plan, was nearly double the peak under the Japanese imperialist rule and its production capacity has grown 5 times today.

This mine is being largely expanded for successfully hitting the target of 12 million tons of steel, one of the goals of the next perspective plan.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught at the National Industrial Congress held in March this year:

"We must actively step up the extension project of the Musan Mine. This mine has an inexhaustible deposit of high-grade iron ore. The key to supplying enough raw materials to iron works lies in the rapid expansion of the Musan Mine. We must actively step up the extension project of this mine so as to increase its production capacity to 4,500,000 tons this year, 5,500,000 tons next year and 8,500,000 tons the year after."

The workers of the mine successfully completed the project of installing a number of large crushers in the new crushing system of the existing ore dressing plant and other large-scale projects and thus carried out already before April 15 the first-stage extension project for creating a production capacity of 4.5 million tons of concentrated ore envisaged this year.

In this way, the Musan Mine has brought into being an additional capacity of one million tons of concentrated ore a year without building a new dressing plant, by introducing large and modern equipment.

The builders of Musan are making thorough preparations to build a modern new ore dressing plant of large scale, while vigorously stepping up the construction of a new upper crushing site, with the determination to complete the second-stage extension project for the creation of a capacity of 5.5 million tons by the 29th anniversary of the founding of the Party, October 10 this year, and the third-stage extension project for the creation of a capacity of 8.5 million tons by the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Party, in the spirit with which they carried out the first-stage extension project far ahead of schedule.

Endless flows of large machines such as large trucks, large excavators and large bulldozers are streaming to the construction sites.

A pipe extending 100 km for transporting concentrated ore from this mine to the Kim Chaek Iron Works is under construction.

The machine equipment to be installed on the tops of mountains and in valleys in this project are transported by helicopters. The extension of the Musan Mine will make a great contribution to satisfying the daily growing demand for iron ore of the country where the construction of modern large-scale metallurgical bases including the extension project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works is making progress at a rapid speed and new big furnaces several times larger than the existing ones are being built. (KCNA)

This is Cholsanbong of Musan Mine; its iron ore deposits are inexhaustible.

Land of Apple

Our country is worth its name "the land of fruits" with its hills wooded with fruit trees of all species.

The fruit trees which are found everywhere adorn the hills with flowers in spring and bear fruits that make your mouth water in summer and autumn. Particularly noted among them is apple.

The apple trees of the orchards laid out in every nook and corner of the country, on hillocks and in deep valleys, and those planted in the gardens of village houses are heavily laden with juicy apples, which add beauty to the scenery of the land of silk embroidery.

The apples, a special product of Korea, are varied according to the local climatic and soil conditions.

After scores of varieties of early apples are picked, there come "Songhwa" and "September" to be followed by the late varieties "Pukchong," "Hwangju" and "Hochon" which can be stored up all through the winter.

The apples of our country are widely known to the world for their peculiar and diverse tastes and flavor, and beautiful colors.

Korean climatic conditions are well suited to the growth of apples. The average temperature from April to October is 18 to 20 degrees centigrade and annual rainfall registers 800 to 1,000 millimetres, which are suitable to the growth of fruits.

The apples of our country owe their rich accumulation of nutriments such as sugar, acid, protein, sebaceous substance, vitamin, mineral substance, and enzyme and spice to the different amount of rainfall and temperature in various seasons and rather large difference in the temperature of day and night.

Despite all these climatic conditions favorable for the growth of apples and other fruits, there were not many orchards in our country before liberation when the Japanese imperialists lorded it over. And the poor Koreans could hardly taste a fruit, the small amount of products taken away by the Japanese imperialists and the landlords and capitalists.

As far back as in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had matured a grand plan to turn all the hillocks of the silk embroidered land extending three thousand ri into orchards of hundreds of fruits and, after he restored the fatherland by defeating the brigandish Japanese imperialists, he advanced the original line of rapidly developing fruit-farming by turning to good account the mountains in which our country abounds and wisely led the whole Party and entire people to its implementation.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has taught us:

"In our country nearly 80 per cent of whose area is mountainous, large-scale fruit growing by making use of the mountains is of great significance for the development of the national economy and for raising our people's living standards."

During the anti-Japanese armed struggle, guerillas captured a few apples in a battle and presented them to the leader, earnestly asking him to take some. But he declined to take any and sent them to the children's corps members in the guerilla base who did not know the taste of the Korean apples. With that warm fatherly affection, he has built fruit farms everywhere and consolidated their material and technical foundations to let the liberated people have their fill of apples.

In April 1961, the leader personally convened the historical Pukchong Enlarged Meeting of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and set forth programmatic tasks for turning all the hillocks of the country into fruit hills and initiated a powerful massive movement for nature-remaking of gigantic scale to reclaim the hillocks and turn them into orchards.

Under the wise leadership and care of the leader fruit farms extending hundreds of thousands of *chongbo* (one *chongbo* approximates one hectare) have been laid out in our country which had only thousands of *chongbo* of them before liberation.

Many places have been given the administrative names "fruit county," "fruit dong" or "apple dong," fruit farms covering their whole area. Many new fruit storages of various types and fruit-processing factories have made their appearance in the fruit-growing spots to supply fresh and processed fruits all the year round. Our country will produce one million tons of fruits at the end of the Six-Year Plan and a greater amount of them will be supplied to the people. (KCNA)

Crime-Ridden S. Korea Is Worst Society in 20th Century (3)

Misery of Children And Women

These are two social groups in towns and villages who suffer merciless exploitation at the hand of the selfish and powerful. They are women and children.

In towns and cities are seen shoe-shine boys, gum-sellers and newsboys.

At the subway station at the Namdaemun plaza of Seoul, girls in pantaloons and large-size sweaters were selling newspapers.

Each time a bus stops, children throng to the bus stop, carrying boiled eggs, fruits and biscuits in baskets. While the bus stops for five or six minutes, several children get into the bus and sell the goods.

They name loudly the trifles in a most fast and funny tone beyond imagination. When the bus begins to move, they get off from the door yet open one by one and gather in a street corner to count the money they earned. Then, they wait for another bus.

Around 10 o'clock at night, peddlers of rice-balls appear on lonely streets of the city. They are mostly children. For their young age, they cry in a thick voice like adults.

There are numbers of homeless children in towns. But, they are too many to count because most of their parents make no birth report. Generally speaking, seven or eight year-old children bid farewell to their paternal roofs, or their parents themselves escape from them while they go out for peddling chewing guns.

The "Strada" story (Italian film about a girl who was sold to a travelling circus because of poverty) is seen and heard everywhere and everyday in south Korea.

Orphans eke out a living by doing shoe-shine work, selling newspapers or by working in miscellaneous odd jobs. Some orphans live by robbery.

Girl orphans live by practising prostitution at the age of 15 or 16.

Most miserable is the plight of the poor women.

Even now I write this, I cannot forget for a moment the sun-burnt faces of the hand-pressed south Korean women peddlers. They had vacant eyes and took no notice of foreigners passing before them. In Cheju Island I saw woman-divers. On a small isle not far from a village they were warming themselves by a fire in a circle of piled-up stones. As soon as they came out from the waters, they put on chogori (Korean jacket) and paji (Korean trousers) over the drenched under wears and stretched their hands to the fire to warm themselves.

The income they earn differs according to seasons. Though they dive into the sea all day long in the summer time, their gains are small. They work 10 or 15 days in a month in the winter season owing to the rough sea.

They showed me the following data about their income: income in winter —400-2,000 won a day, 15,000-18,000 won a month; income in summer—1,000-3,000 won a day, 30,000-40,000 won a month. As they work in the sea from the age of 17 to 45, many are apt to become deaf.

The women cannot enjoy a paid vacation or social security benefits. Hospital fees for a childbirth is very expensive: 40,000-100,000 won. Women in farming and fishing villages, as well as in gutters must send for midwives. The fees are rice or peas equivalent to 1,500-2,000 won, instead of money.

While they are discriminated as labourers, women undergo maltreatment because of Confucian prejudices. When male textile workers earn 0.13 dollar per hour (2.38 dollars in U.S., 0.59 dollar in Japan), female workers get the starvation hourly wage of 0.07 dollar, half of the wage for male workers. Sixty hours a week bring them only 4.20 dollars and then monthly wage is 16.80 dollars. As in any reactionary countries, the minimum living standard is not guaranteed for women in south Korea. Women are subjected to slavery household chores and nursing.

Prostitution is a special form of exploitation of women. I could not but be surprised at this social evil widespread in south Korea. All the tourists call kisaeng (call) girls when they stay in hotels.

The Taedo Hotel in Mokpo had kisaeng girls 79 in all—35 on the first, second and third floors; 17 on the fourth floor; 27 at the fifth and sixth floors. And there were numbers of bars, cafes and cabarets around the hotel.

At night, many taxis are lined to carry drunken men.

On the way to the river from a bus stop in Taejon, I happened to meet a certain poor-looking middle-aged woman. She suggested that I go to a brothel and play with poor girls.

The tourist industry, promoted by Japanese and U.S. capital, earned 45 million dollars in 1972 and 134 million dollars in the first half of 1973.

The attraction of the tourist industry is prostitution.

Those who support the Pak Jung Hi clique may say: "Prostitution is a traditional occupation. It is a valuable area to get rid of jobless women."

This is nothing but "pragmatism" of the shameless bourgeois and slave merchants.

It is sure that south Korea is exporting manpower to European countries, West Germany in particular and secretly to Japan as emigrants.

I learned that over 1,000 residents of Cheju Island had themselves smuggled into Japan by paying each one million yen to the smugglers.

The south Korean "regime" does not hesitate to export manpower in order to decrease unemployment.

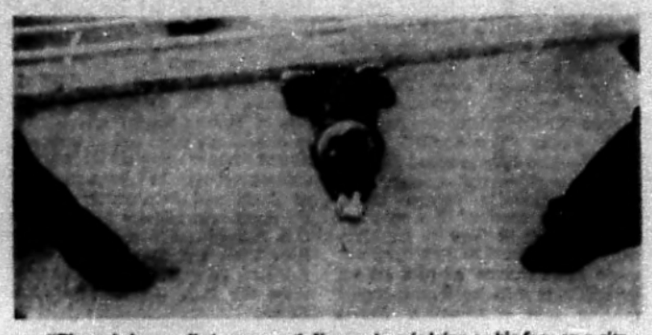
Another method is to sell cheap labor to foreign-owned factories.

This method makes it possible for the south Korean comprador capitalists to earn.

(To be continued)

A crowd of south Korean unemployed women are seen sitting down to get a job.

These numerous shoe-shine boys, newsboys and gumboys are roaming Seoul streets.



"Please help me..." A poor south Korean boy is lying on his face on a city street begging for small money to feed his family.

Pak Jung Hi Military Bandits, Stop Barbarous Suppression of S. Korean Patriotic Students and Democrats!

Chongryun CSC Urges Japan Government to Stop All Acts to Back Pak Jung Hi Clique

Chairman Han Duk Su of the CSC of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) gave a press conference on August 7 at the Korean Hall in Tokyo in connection with the fact that one year had passed since Mr. Kim Dae Jung's abduction from Japan. Placed with due respect in the center of the press conference room was a portrait of President Kim Il Sung in a standing posture, the great leader of the Korean people. Chairman Han Duk Su was accompanied by vice-Chairman Li Gye Baek at the press conference. Chairman Han Duk Su read a statement in the name of the CSC of Chongryun and gave answers to the questions put by Korean and foreign pressmen. Follows the full text of the statement of the CSC of Chongryun:

It is one year since Mr. Kim Dae Jung, former "presidential candidate" of south Korea, was spirited away in broad daylight from a hotel in Tokyo by agents of the "Central Intelligence Agency" of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

We have frequently pointed out since the abduction was committed in a planned and organized way that it was a criminal act of the "KCIA." We have strongly demanded a thorough investigation of the case, arrest of the criminals and restoration of the state of affairs in which Mr. Kim Dae Jung was before abduction.

Honest-minded people all over the world, including broad sections of the Japanese people, scathingly denounced the criminal act committed by the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique, with active movements launched to save Mr. Kim Dae Jung.

Nevertheless, the case has remained unsettled for one year since the case took place.

The Pak Jung Hi clique not only stubbornly refused to restore original state for Mr. Kim Dae Jung who was kidnapped in an illegal way, but also are plotting to get rid of Mr Kim Dae Jung in a political "court."

This clearly shows that the Pak Jung Hi clique are hooligans who shamelessly commit any criminal act without hesitation in order to satisfy their lust for power.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are more openly revealing their true nature and violence after Mr. Kim Dae Jung's abduction.

The respected and beloved leader President Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The south Korean authorities are intensifying the unprecedented fascist suppression of the people, arresting and imprisoning at random the youth, students and conscientious intellectuals and even religionists because they call for the peaceful reunification. As a result, they have converted the whole of south Korea into a murderous prison."

The Pak Jung Hi fascist clique are working round the clock to do away with all the anti-government forces, proclaiming "state of emergency" plus "martial law" and declaring a series of "emergency measures."

As can be seen in the "case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," they arrest and imprison at will patriotic south Korean people such as youth, students, religionists, intellectuals and pressmen who aspire after freedom, democracy and the reunification of the fatherland, and further sentence them to heavy penalties and capital punishment in a murderous court.

Among the sentenced are the poet Kim Ji Ha, south Korean "ex-president" Yun Bo Son, Catholic bishop Chi Hak Sun and two Japanese students, Hayakawa and Tachikawa.

South Korea has now become a fascist cauldron and has been converted into a land of darkness.

There are not even a modicum of freedom or democratic rights in south Korea. She is under a fascist dictatorship and tyranny by the Pak Jung Hi clique.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are leaving no stones unturned to intensify fascist suppression of the south Korean people with a view to prolonging their stay in power, plotting to divide Korea permanently into two by fabricating "two Koreas." They are also scheming to provoke a new war as never before.

The Japanese Government, however, always backs up the Pak Jung Hi fascist rascals who are committing such heinous criminal acts and actively help them suppress the south Korean people.

This is clear from the Japanese authorities' attitude toward the case of Mr. Kim Dae Jung's abduction.

The Japanese authorities have wasted time up to this day since the case occurred, deliberately delaying the settlement of the case.

The delay in the settlement of the case is not caused by insufficient evidence or unclear facts.

It is clear that the Japanese investigation bureau has sufficient evidence to prove the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique are responsible for the case.

Nevertheless, the Japanese authorities are still making all efforts to solve the case "politically" in conspiracy with the Pak Jung Hi clique, far from taking concrete steps to demand the surrender of the criminals and to restore the original state for Mr. Kim Dae Jung. They are scheming to obscure the true nature of the case.

We cannot help saying that the Japanese authorities' act runs counter not only to international practices but also to the fair and aboveboard opinion of the people of the whole world including the Korean and Japanese people calling for examination of the case and restoration of Mr. Kim Dae Jung's original state.

The Japanese authorities must look straight into the reality in order immediately to stop any act to instigate the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique.

We strongly demand the Japanese Government discharge its duty to restore Mr. Kim Dae Jung's original state, paying attention to the fair and aboveboard opinion of people the world over with the Korean and Japanese people, and give up the machination to create "two Koreas" in league with the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique.

We will, in future, too, vigorously struggle to promote the peaceful, independent reunification of the fatherland, in active support and encouragement of the struggle of the patriotic south Korean people, and rally firmly around the great leader President Kim Il Sung.

Kim Dae Jung Case Remains Unsolved; Rescue Drive Gains Momentum

Former south Korean "presidential candidate" Kim Dae Jung remains a political prisoner without any freedom, still today one year after he was kidnaped from a Tokyo hotel room in broad daylight on August 8 last year and spirited away to Seoul by the south Korean "CIA" behind which the reactionaries of Japan and the U.S. were the masterminds.

This eloquently bespeaks that the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese militarists and their puppets, the Pak Jung Hi military junta are determined to make Kim Dae Jung politically dead in order to pursue their vicious "two-Korea" policy and stop the eventual reunification of Korea, while suppressing mercilessly the patriotic and democratic forces pitted against the one-man fascist dictatorial rule under the imaginary "spectare of communism" from the north, and intensifying the provocations against the northern half from the air, the sea and the ground.

What were made clear during the one year are:

1. The "KCIA" kindaped Kim Dae Jung from Tokyo to Seoul in concert with the Japanese police and with the help of local Korean gangsters.

2. "KCIA" director Li Hu Rak was dismissed under heavy public attack.

3. South Korean patriotic students kicked off the nation-wide campaign against the Pak Jung Hi clique's "revitalized system."

4. The world public joined the people of south Korea in the struggle for restoration of democracy in south Korea and the reunification of the divided state.

5. Washington and Tokyo are responsible for any move which the murderer Pak Jung Hi makes and failed to take any action to pressure him to stop the suppression but encouraged his terror rule and war provocations against the north.

6. The dictatorial rule of south Korea has been recognized internationally as unprecedented and most draconic.

7. The bloody oppression in south Korea removed any one-found atmosphere and ground for north-south dialogue and further expanded contact which is aimed at the earliest reunion of separated families and the reunification of the country.

Kim Dae Jung was not only a tough opponent to Pak's dictatorial rule but also an outspoken critic of the socalled proposal for separate U.N. membership for north and south Korea which the U.S., Tokyo and Seoul made in a bid to freeze the status quo on the Korean Peninsula and retain south Korea as their colony and which the entire Korean people and the peace-loving peoples of the world bitterly protested against on ground that it would lead to the perpetuation of the division of Korea and on to the state of "no one Korea."

The situation now prevailing in south Korea involving Kim Dae Jung himself is highly fluid and at the same time explosive despite the desperate efforts to stifle any threat to the dictatorial rule and the world-wide movement is under way to aid the south Korean people in their struggle to topple Pak Jung Hi and restore democracy. It is a matter of time that democratic procedures are to be restored to south Korea and Pak Jung Hi goes to stand trial on charges of high treason.

Washington and Tokyo will have to disengage themselves from the domestic affairs of south Korea, otherwise they will sustain a shattering blow at the hands of the Koreans and world public.

Major Developments in 1 Year of Abduction Case

Listed below are major developments during the past one year involving the confrontation between the anti fascist democratic forces supported by the world public and the Pak Jung Hi military junta in south Korea since Kim Dae Jung, former "presidential candidate," was kidnapped from a Tokyo hotel.

Aug. 8 A south Korean democrat, Kim Dae Jung, is abducted by the "KCIA" agents from the Grand Palace Hotel in Tokyo around 2:00 p.m.

Aug. 13—He turns up at his Seoul home and is placed under house arrest. Public fury against the kidnap case mounts high in Japan.

Aug. 17—The south Korean "premier" Kim Jong Pil says that Kim Dae Jung may have been kidnapped by south Koreans.

Aug. 20—U.S. Secretary of State Rogers expressed "concern."

Aug. 23—Japanese Justice Minister Minister Tanaka indicates the involvement of the "CIA" of a certain country.

Aug. 24—The Seventh Japan-"ROK" Regular Ministerial Conference scheduled for September 7-8 is postponed.

Aug. 28—Kim Yong Ju, Co-Chairman from the northern side, of the North-South Coordination Commission demands the removal of Li Hu Rak from the post of southern Co-Chairman on charges of his perfidious act of kidnapping Kim Dae Jung.

Sep. 5—The Tokyo Metropolitan Police Office announces that the "fingerprints of Kim Dong Un, first secretary of the south Korean "embassy" in Japan, were discovered from the hotel room of kidnapping.

Sep. 24—The special investigation headquarters of the Metropolitan Police office announces that an active member of the Self-Defense Forces was keeping Kim Dae Jung under watch.

Oct. 2—Students of Seoul National University's college of liberal arts and science start an anti-Pak drive which will become nation-wide.

Oct. 25—Pak Jung Hi fakes up the "case of south Korean students in Europe acting as spies" and arrested 54 democrats, including Choe Jong Gil, professor of Seoul University.

Nov. 2—"Premier" Kim Jong Pil visits Japan and reaches a "political settlement."

Nov. 5—15 noted personages of south Korea issues a "declaration demanding the restoration of democracy."

Nov. 20—The First Committee of the UN General Assembly and the General Assembly decide to disband the "UNCURK," and reject a "two-Korea representation."

Nov. 23—A member of the New Democratic Party demands the resignation en bloc of the "cabinet."

Nov. 24—The 30 Christians including Kim OE Kil, the president of Rihwa Women's Univ. and Kim Su Hwan, archibishop of the Catholic Church issue a declaration on human rights and demand an immediate stop to the suppression of the press.

Students' demonstration is held every day.

Dec. 3—The puppet cabinet resigns en bloc, and Li Hu Rak, chief director of the "KCIA" was replaced.

Dec. 7—The "south Korean bar association" declares that it will take a determined action unless an end is put to torture by the investigating organ.

Student demonstrations spread to high school students and local areas.

Dec. 12—The New Democratic Party insists that north-south dialogue be an all-nation job.

Dec. 23—The seventh Japan—"ROK" Regular Ministerial Conference opens.

Dec. 24—The "one million-signature collection campaign" for the revision of the constitution starts.

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Jan. 7—The puppet clique investigate 9 patriots including novelist Li Ho Chol and poet Kim Ji Ha for supporting the signature campaign. The movement collects 400,000 signature.

Jan. 8—The Pak "regime" issues "presidential emergency measures Nos. 1 and 2" and bans the signature campaign with prison term up to 15 years. The military tribunal starts.

Jan. 17—Pastor Kim Gyong Rak and others hold a rally, demanding the abolition of "emergency measures." Demonstration is staged at Yonse Univ.

Democratic figures are arrested.

Feb. 4—"The American Scholars for a Democratic Korea," consisting of 300 American scholars, makes public an open letter denouncing the "emergency measures."

Feb. 15—A south Korean spy ship violates the northern territorial waters.

Mar. 15—The Pak Jung Hi bandits fake up a "spy case," arresting over 30 members of the North Kyongsang Provincial Committee of the Revolutionay Party for Reunification, and put 17 others on the wanted list.

Mar. 25—The Third Session of the DPRK Fifth Supreme People's Assembly calls for direct negotiations with the U.S. for concluding a peace agreement.

Apr. 3—The "National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" launches an organised anti-"government" action. The Pak Jung Hi "regime" proclaims "emergency measures No. 4," and arrested thousands of people.

Apr. 8—Two Japanese, Hayakawa and Tachikawa, are arrested on charges of violating "emergency measures No. 4."

May 5—The Third General Meeting of the "ROK"-Japan Dietmen's round-table conference is held.

May 6—The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique informs the Japanese "embassy" of "possible anti-Japanese terror," in an attempt to repress anti-Japanese movements.

May 27—Fifty-four persons are prosecuted for involvement in a "plot against the nation under the leadership of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy" in the military tribunal.

May. 30—Kim Dae Jung is summoned to the court on charges of violation of the "election law" in an attempt to make him a criminal.

Jun. 5—Kim Dae Jung makes a counterattack against the plot, condemning the charge as far-fetched, at the first hearing.

Jun. 28—The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's naval vessel intrudes into the territorial sea of the northern half for the purpose of aggravating tension. The naval vessels of the heroic Korean People's Army promptly sink one enemy ship and capture several provocateurs alive.

Jun. 29—Kim Dae Jung challenges all judges at the fourth hearing, saying that the trial is a "trial of political retaliation."

Jul. 15—The Pak Jung Hi military fascist bandits at a murderous trial staged in the puppet extraordinary military tribunal "pass" capital punishment on 14, including poet Kim Ji Ha, life imprisonment for 15, and 15-20 year prison terms for 26 others in connection with "the case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy." World public opinion strongly demands their immediate release. Many famous personages, including ex-Chancellor Brandt of West Germany, and the Australian Government lodge protests with the Pak regime.

Jul. 20—The secretary of "national defence" in a deceptive farce announces a decision to commute the death sentence given to four students and Kim Ji Ha to life imprisonment.

Mounting Worldwide Condemnation of Pak's Fascist Outrage

Swedish Premier

Olof Palme, Premier of the Kingdom of Sweden, issued a statement on August 2 protesting against the brutal atrocities of the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits who are going to punish and murder en masse south Korean youth, students and patriotic, democratic figures for the mere reason that they had waged a righteous national salvation struggle for the country and the nation, according to a report from Stockholm.

In the statement he said:

The Swedish Government demands that Pak Jung Hi of south Korea cancel death "sentence" passed upon people on "charges" of opposing the "emergency measures."

Sweden affirms her opposition to death penalty.

We have actively participated for many years in the work of the United Nations for the abolishment of death penalty and against contempt for the lives of people through the application of death penalty.

Finnish Prime Minister

Kalevi Sorsa, Prime Minister of the Republic of Finland, sent a telegram to the Pak Jung Hi clique on August 2 protesting against the repressive savagery of the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers who are going to punish and murder en masse south Korean patriotic youth, students and democratic figures, according to a report from Helsinki.

In the telegram the Prime Minister stressed: Having heard news that the south Korean authorities passed death sentences on many people on charges of violation of the "emergency measures," I, from the humanitarian point of view, demand the south Korean authorities revoke death sentences passed on them.

Danish Foreign Ministry

The Danish Foreign Ministry issued a statement on August 2 denouncing the repressive acts of the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers who are going to punish and murder south Korean patriots en masse according to a report from Copenhagen.

In the statement the Danish Foreign Ministry expressed apprehensions over the fact that the Pak Jung Hi clique passed death sentences on a large number of people on charges of violation of the "emergency measures" and demanded, proceeding from the humanitarian spirit, that the south Korean authorities cancel death sentences passed on them.

WFTU

The secretariat of the World Federation of Trade Unions sent a telegram of protest to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on July 31, denouncing their barbaric repression of the people, according to a report from Prague.

The telegram said:

The World Federation of Trade Unions resolutely protests against the south Korean authorities' continued repressive act of imposing death sentence, life imprisonment and prison terms for many years upon a large number of south Korean people of various strata who demand the democratization of south Korean society and the peaceful reunification of the country.

The World Federation of Trade Unions demands that the illegal "sentences" be cancelled immediately, all people upon whom "sentences" were passed be set free at once and democratic freedom and human rights be ensured to the entire south Korean people.

IUS

The secretariat of the International Union of Students issued a statement on August 2 and denounced the south Korean fascists who, defying the strong protest and denunciation of the progressive youth and students and justice-loving people of the world, are continuously staging murderous trials and inflicting capital punishment and heavy penalties upon south Korean youth, students and patriots en masse, according to a report from Prague.

The IUS secretariat, in the name of the progressive youth and students of the world, pungently denounces the large-scale murderous atrocities in south Korea and expresses firm solidarity for the just struggle of the south Korean youth and students. At the same time, it strongly demands that the Pak Jung Hi clique stop at once the murderous trials of south Korean youth, students and democratic figures and withdraw all the penalties imposed upon them.

The statement called upon the progressive youth and students of the world and the member organisations of the IUS to resolutely denounce the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's murderous trial and launch a vigorous international campaign to save south Korean youth, students and democratic figures who are faced with a danger.

All Bengal Teachers' Asso.

All Bengal Teachers' Association sent a letter of protest to the Pak Jung Hi clique on July 29.

The letter reads:

"On behalf of the secondary school teachers and other educational workers of West Bengal, India we are extremely shocked at the despotic actions of your "government" for the suppression of the democratic rights of the people of the land and provocative acts indulged in under emergency measures No. 1 and No. 4 by the arrest of youths, students, men of culture, religionists who have been courageously fighting for democracy and the independent, peaceful reunification of their fatherland. We condemn all the arbitrary and repressive actions taken by your "government and record our emphatic protest against them.

We demand the immediate release of all persons detained illegally by your "government" behind the prison bars and wish the peaceful progress and complete success of the north-south joint statement of July 4, 1972 and establishment of the three principles of independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity.

Joint Campaign by Opposition Parties Here

A first major national joint action was agreed upon on Aug. 8 at a conference in Tokyo of chiefs of Japan's three opposition parties, the Socialist, Communist and Clean-Government parties and the civic movement leaders, marking the first anniversary of the kidnap of Kim Dae Jung.

The joint appeal which emerged from the talks at Grand Palace Hotel, the site of the kidnap, envisaged a rally and demonstrations in September to come, urging the Seoul puppets to release at once the arrested political prisoners and their own Government to thoroughly review its policy toward south Korea.

Attending the meeting were Socialist Party Chairman Narita Tomomi, Communist Party Chairman Miyamoto Kenji and Clean-Government Party Chairman Takeiri Yoshikatsu, Oda Makoto, representative of the Society to Save Kim Ji Ha and Others and Aoji Shin, representative of the Liaison Council for Solidarity between Japan and South Korea.

Foreign Public Bodies

Telegrams and letters denouncing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's fascist suppression of the south Korean youth, students and democratic figures and expressing solidarity for the just struggle of the south Korean patriots came to Korean public organisations from foreign public organisations.

The Korea-Vietnam Friendship Association, the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity and the Korean National Peace Committee received a telegram from their counterparts of Vietnam.

The telegram said:

The Vietnamese people bitterly denounce the criminal outrages of the Pak Jung Hi clique and strongly hold that the south Korean authorities should immediately cancel "penalties" demanded for south Korean patriots, give freedom to the illegally detained people and discontinue at once the repression of the south Korean people.

S. Gombozav, Chairman of the Asian Buddhist Peace Committee and Chairman of the Central Committee of the Mongolian Buddhist Federation, in a letter to the Central Committee of the Korean Buddhist Federation said: The Mongolian Buddhists bitterly denounce the Pak Jung Hi clique's fascist repression and demand that the Pak Jung Hi clique immediately release the patriots undergoing indescribable sufferings behind prison bars.

The Mongolian people and Buddhists support the constructive policy advanced by the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to liquidate the foreign military bases in south Korea, force the U.S. forces to withdraw from south Korea forthwith and peacefully reunify the country on a democratic basis without interference of outside forces.

In the letter he stressed: The Asian Buddhist Peace Committee bitterly denounces the Pak Jung Hi clique's barbaric massacre and demands that the Pak Jung Hi clique guarantee the south Korean people freedom and democratic and religious rights so they may express their genuine will to reunify their country on the basis of democracy and peace.

A telegram to the Korean Students Committee from the General Union of Yemeni Students said: The Yemeni students assure the peoples the world over that the Yemeni students are standing foursquare behind the south Korean youth, students and people fighting to destroy the tyrannical ruling system in south Korea and independently and peacefully reunify the country without interference of outside forces.

Newsweek

"Newsweek" dated August 5 reported:

"The stories of beatings, water torture and electrical shocks are circulated in whispers in darkened rooms and street corners. But despite president Park's attempts to stifle the last whimpers of political dissent in south Korea, defiance remains alive in Seoul.

"Until recently, Park's regime left the nation's relatively small (800,000 communicants) but well-organized and influential Catholic church largely untouched. But that policy ended with the arrest last month of the Rt. Rev. Daniel Chi....

"...Bishop Chi was arrested by the Korean Central Intelligence Agency (KCIA), questioned for 30 hours without rest and then nominally released pending trial.

"...He got word to the foreign correspondents in Seoul that he wished to deliver a "statement of conscience."

"...Bishop Chi went on to denounce the regime of President Park for 'violence, intimidation and fraud'. Shortly thereafter, the KCIA rearrested Bishop Chi.

"Two nights later, in almost reckless defiance of the Park regime, more than 3,000 Catholics gathered in Seoul's old, red-brick Myong Dong Cathedral for a special Mass for Bishop Chi. In attendance, despite the obvious presence of KCIA agents with cameras and tape recorders, were Cardinal Kim and eleven of south Korea's thirteen Catholic bishops, plus the French and Belgian ambassadors to Seoul.

Significantly, U.S. Ambassador Philip C. Habib did not attend the service—though he is a Catholic."

"ROK" War Veterans in U.S.

The "legion for national salvation in the United States," an orgaqization of former officers of the south Korean puppet army residing in the United States, made public on July 17 a declaration denouncing the never-to-be-condoned fascist crimes of the Pak Jung Hi clique, butchers of the nation, according to information available from New York.

The declaration said: The Pak "regime" made the notorious south Korean "Central Intelligence Agency" spirit former "presidential" candidate Kim Dae Jung in broad daylight from a neighbouring country, thus wantonly violating human rights. Its "kisaeng tourism" has won the Pak "regime" ill fame as an international pander. The Pak "regime" made illicit fortune all of a sudden by recklessly inducing foreign capital running into astronomical figures and plunged the people into the depths of poverty. The Pak "regime" is a gang of agents murdering numerous patriotic personages by putting them to ultra "modernized torture."

The declaration demanded the United Nations and the U.S. Administration as follows:

The United Nations should condemn the ogrish acts of the Pak Jung Hi dictatorial "regime" in accordance with the World Declaration of Human Rights and force it to discontinue these acts at once and release without delay all the patriotic compatriots who had been sentenced to death and immediately dissolve the murderous military tribunal. The U.S. Administration should stop giving military and economic aid to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and withdraw the U.S. troops from south Korea.

U.S. Plots to Take More Adventurous Road

It was revealed that squadrons of "F-4 Phantom" fighter-bombers of the 18th tactical flying corps of the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces stationed in Japan dropped 4 dummy nuclear bombs in the Katena air base on Okinawa on July 2 and again staged such a criminal military exercise on July 23 dropping 9 more bombs of this type, according to reports.

And, on July 31 the nuclear-powered submarine of the U.S. imperialists "Pintado" entered the Yokosuka Port.

According to a Japan Press report on August 1, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have been reported to have secretly built radar networks in Tokorozawa, Saitama Prefecture, Chitose, Hokkaido, and Awase, Okinawa, of Japan as part of the early warning system for a nuclear war and Japanese Foreign Minister Kimura, answering the interpellation at the Diet, admitted this.

These hard facts indicate that the U.S. imperialists, far from giving up their aggressive designs on Asia, are getting more feverish in their powder-reeking manoeuvres in this region and especially in making preparations for a criminal nuclear war and that the aggressive tie-up between the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries is being tightened on a full-scale for a nuclear war.

Clear proof of this is that the military cooperation system of the U.S. and Japanese aggressors has been further strengthened these days for Asian aggression and ports of Japan and her territory, the air space included, are being converted into a nuclear base of the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialists' ever more frantic preparations for a nuclear war once again patently show that although they are talking about the "peace" and "security" of Asia, they are the very disturber of the peace and security of Asia and the vicious aggressor hard at work to impose again criminal nuclear holocaust upon the Asian people. (KCNA)

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